OYD STAKEHOLDER MEETINGS INITIATIVE TWO: Family Involvement

At OYD, we encourage and support product family participation in rehabilitation for youth placed in our care. Our investment in youth and families today strengthens families tomorrow.

	Laf.	L.C.	B.R.	Jeff.	Alex.	Thib.	Hammond	S'port	Monroe	Natch.	Total
Community Partnerships	2	6	5	1	3	4	3	5	4	0	33
Assessment	2	3	0	7	3	2	0	2	11	1	31
ASSESSMENT		<u> </u>	U U	,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		11	'	01
Staff Training	1	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	13
Medical/Mental Health	0	3	1	4	1	1	0	5	2	0	17
Funding	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	0	0	16
Family Involvement	3	13	7	31	1	22	22	26	18	3	146
Aftercare/Transition	0	1	4	5	0	1	0	3	4	1	19
Local Services/Regionalization		I									
Continuum of Care	2	8	7	2	3	8	9	6	6	4	55
Education	2	7	3	6	1	4	12	11	3	2	51
Safety	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	4
Not Categorized	2	4	5	2	2	3	4	2	4	3	31

Not categorized examples: early intervention prior to Juvenile Justice involvement; increase personal contacts; Walk a mile with a parent; explore a "partial-placement" non-secure group home; close JCY and SCY; increase lines of communication

Digest Stakeholder Meetings Initiative Two

Initiative Two: Family Involvement

At OYD, we encourage and support productive family participation in rehabilitation for youth placed in our care. Our investment in youth and families today strengthens families tomorrow.

Community Partnerships / Faith based

- Community outreach through churches
- Utilize working Interfaith Network
- Local probation partnership/relationship
- Giving technical support and networking with schools
- OYD needs to partner with local community agencies to provide services to youth.
- OYD partnering with local community agencies to provide service to youth
- Better communication & coordination between OYD & other state agencies
- Contact with schools/resource centers, churches, FINS
- Inter-agency sharing of resources with a single point of entry for information sharing
- To improve communication between all service agencies
- Increase collaboration between OYD and school to support student and parent
- Work with other agencies/people in community
- Recreation Centers
- Team: educator, social worker, parent, OYD, case manager to oversee
- More church intervention
- Community resources: (Boy's Club, Recreation Center, affordable/free family and individual counseling, mentoring program, transportation, funding, trained individuals to work with family)
- Community partnership with family
- Develop parenting support with child care and transportation made available
- Promote communication between probation officer and providers
- Collaborate with community and business leaders to fund transportation to access much needed services.
- Need services directory
- Alternatives to detention
- Comprehensive referral/resource book (electronic)
- Decrease the gap in the community b/t counseling services and inpatient facilities

Assessment

- Use strength based in assessment
- Develop accountability measures for parents
- Go into the homes; evaluate other concerned parties
- Resource assessment completed
- Recognize teenage parents
- Standard guideline for facility contact with parent in regard to treatment needs
- Early, immediate and on-going identification of at-risk families at elementary and secondary school level through use of school related personnel
- Evaluation process for each family to identify special needs and refer for services to

- meet those needs
- Track family visits
- Pre/Post Test Assessment
- Identify needs & strengths family system
- Identify at-risk youth
- Satisfaction survey
- Evaluation of quality assurance
- Monitoring (Independent)
- Compare numbers of compliant/non-compliant families after a set period of time.
- Compare number of parents involved in youth programs
- Streamline screening and referral process to community providers
- Help families identify natural supports within their family
- Identify at-risk youth in the elementary school grade levels
- Fund contract agency to identify at risk non-adjudicated youth from school truancy by releasing an RFP; identify youth in the ages of 5-10
- Comprehensive family assessment
- Eliminate duplicate services
- Assessment process/local literary programs

Staff Training

- Building relationships with youth
- Increase knowledge of OYD staff of region's resources
- Ensure provider is trained in research-based program
- Training for people to work with families
- Set realistic goals
- Train staff to relate to parents: 1) educate expectations; educate at programs what is available in communities 2) create a relationship in which parents would feel more comfortable and trust more 3) ask parents about ideas and ask for more cooperation 4) offer incentives
- Develop training programs for appropriate staff members that address motivational strategies
- Increase collaboration between OYD and the school system to support the student and parents
- Staff training and support to the rapeutic model
- Obtain or develop a vision and training curriculum that trains professionals on how to engage youth and families. Have all private and public agencies train in this
- Educate professionals that there are no resistant families, only barriers to progress

Medical / Mental Health

- Not enough involvement from counselors
- 24 hour services for children and families;
- Proper care for our kids;
- Placement of the social worker with family and juvenile
- Provide behavior modification training counseling services
- Parenting groups for teens
- Offer and provide family counseling to start at immediate entry into facility and

- continue through aftercare
- Offer professional counseling sessions
- Family counseling to help in the training they receive in the facility once released to society
- Increase awareness of responsibility and independence
- Counseling for youth who have become parents
- Integrate community based services focusing on family counseling as part of aftercare program.
- Address mental health and substance abuse of family members
- Provide appropriate care to juveniles with severe behavior issues

Funding

- More money put into the FINS Program
- We need to fund community programs.
- Put money into more group homes;
- Decrease barriers (transportation, meds cost, child care, language, disability)
- Get funding for transportation for families through seed money, taxes and matching funds
- Increase funds for parish resources
- Funding for transportation
- Set corporate donations for payers
- Provide funds to cover these services,
- Diverting funds to the families
- Provide funds through OYD who will work within OYD Offices to provide counseling needed to families whom providing services to

Family Involvement

- Advocates for families
- Transportation for parents to visit youth in a facility
- Open House parental tours
- Family outreach services
- Broaden family involvement, including extended family and positive role models
- Strengthen and empower families through providing resources and family empowerment tools workshop
- Increase contacts between OYD and families
- Require all services at every level of care have family system intervention
- Services provided "in-home" at all costs, from assessment to treatment.
- Assist parents; notify parents they have a voice and empower parents
- Not enough communication and extended family help
- More parent to child communication; let parents know everything; increase knowledge about service
- Work more with family to find better strategy of getting more mentor programs for the child.
- Increase family visitation to youth
- Work with families as unit (counseling, training, mentoring)
- Communication between family and service providers

- Parenting hotline
- In-home family counseling/services (family preservation)
- Intervention and hold parents accountable
- Increase family accountability
- Increase visitation
- Family Day
- Develop more resources in the home
- 800 # to call facilities to talk to kids
- Communication and share resources to develop program to benefit youth and parents
- Teach parents to practice skills while visiting youth in facility
- Increase family communication skills to eliminate any misunderstandings and produce more family involvement in the youth's life
- Consequences for lack of participation
- Hook up with existing resources where family involvement is already in place
- To be able to see your child more often (more visits)
- To be able to at least have a table from which to voice your opinions
- To be able to speak with their counselors, etc.
- Increase parental involvement and awareness of dealings with the adolescents
- Number of mentors and youth served and the involvement of the parents
- Increase diversion opportunities that focus on the family
- Fund and support family preservation services through contracts
- Fund and support families by providing services through independent living
- Communication: To increase families communication skills in order to eliminate any misunderstandings and produce more family involvement in the youth's life
- Transportation: To get families to activities or functions within and outside the community; to get to the community resources
- To train staff to be more respectful to parents when they need to speak with someone
- To have realistic expectations of parents participation and also to have 1) More flexible times of meetings 2) available transportation 3) neighborhood services/convenience of location; go into house 4) encouragement from school
- Motivate parents/family members who have not exhibited a high level of involvement to participate in youth's rehabilitation
- Family needs that implicate family stability
- Increase family participation in child's involvement with juvenile justice
- Provide child care and transportation for family members
- Increase contacts with families
- Enhance access to/and communication with families
- Increase phone and face to face contacts
- Increase number of family members receiving services
- Team parenting
- Get on the parents or guardians with certain issues: 1. Fines and fee for parents when kids miss school 2. Surveys, report and contrasts for children and parent.
- Get both parents involved.
- Teach parents how to be supportive
- Work with parents to decrease barriers that hinder support or attempts of support.
- Work with families as a unit to become supportive of each other.

- Develop educational programs for parents in an effort to help them understand their responsibilities: the "what's and why's" of helping their kids.
- Provide parents with training i.e. behavior modification. Provide model families, invite and encourage families to socialize as a unit (initially in the home, then expand into the community.
- Parents become peer supporter/group facilitators, take initiative to do things such as set up and make appointments.
- Parents, siblings, & other relatives take initiative to assist child (without external cues).
- Increase team staffing, visitation, IEP, and family participation
- Offer intervention services to increase family involvement
- Develop a system of transportation to increase access to needed services
- Increase parental involvement in client's treatment process
- Facility accountability to family members & children
- Parental involvement needs to occur earlier in the process
- Provide a family preservation model for the entire family in the home
- Provide more recreational/community activities/services to offer outlets for family stress and promote family unity
- Hold parents legally responsible,
- OYD engage parents in positive ways
- Partnership with OYD and families (not as a dictator)
- Increase family involvement on macro (micro levels)
- Enhance family ability to communicate with service providers
- Provide parents with peer mentors
- Offer incentives to parents
- Reduce fear and anxiety of families should they become involved
- Utilize families with "success stories" to share their experience, their previously distorted perceptions and healthier views with other families, though public speaking, support groups
- Providing booklets for parents and families

Aftercare / Transition

- Follow-up aftercare
- "Cadence of Acadiana" case management with aftercare
- Aftercare educational (reintegration) plan
- 24-48 hours contact with juveniles to go over again what is expected of them upon release.
- Discharge Data Quantify treatment and discharge information and measure level of early discharges due to lack of engagement.
- Family reintegration plan
- Continue communication with service providers
- After the child leaves placement counselor/therapist will encourage family to use community resources to continue to strengthen communication between child and family
- Transition plans/Independent living/Educational Goals
- Ensure positive and productive youth/family relationship following youth's release.

- Involve parents/family members in development of youth's aftercare plan.
- Provide/increase resources to enable parents to be able to support Youth i.e. transportation, baby sitting services, teach how to locate services needed.
- Contract to take youth home to be received by family counseling
- External controls/CUES decrease and internal controls increase with parent taking more initiative.
- Better identify specific needs/strengths in family care
- Make family therapy mandatory when child is in state's custody prior to child being relates to return to community

Local Resources / Regionalization / Continuum of Care

- Services for families while youth is in secure or non-secure custody
- Identify researched, evidence based models for family intervention that would "fit" with each level of care in continuum of care.
- Assess youth in their region and provide services in that region
- Open regional facilities
- Expansion of community programs
- Support services, empowerment, awareness of services
- Develop a juvenile facility for St. Landry parish area
- Family services in the home to stabilize the home environment prior to system intervention and after system intervention
- Continuum care from prevention
- Provide transportation
- Must be regionalized
- More specialized facilities/programs
- Facilities closer to home
- Increase the percentage of youth receiving treatment and services closer to home
- Reduce mobility and change in guardianship
- Create services to eliminate the excuses
- Continuum of family center from preventative to diversion
- Community based organizations
- Juvenile inpatient and outpatient facilities statewide
- Provide more regionalized substance abuse centers
- Provide trained providers in research based programs, offer multi-service programs without having to use multiple providers
- Decrease out of home placement
- Prevention services for all family members, support groups
- To allow youth the opportunity to meet and get acquainted with positive role models
- Difficulty in locating family placement sources
- Secure more homes in communities
- Increase diversion opportunities for at risk youth and youth on probation
- Expand, develop and implement family court on parish level
- Contract with regional Families Helping Families Centers to provide training on family involvement, rights, resources, education and positive behavior support
- Juvenile Justice education and consequences for actions
- Regular meetings with school/welfare attendance

OYD participate in disciplinary meetings

Education

- Modeling for families
- Educational environment improvement using positive behavior supports
- School based services
- Find out earlier in process about release
- Utilize after school programs for prevention
- Identify a positive adult influence(s) in youth's life
- Identification of at-risk youth; providing services to meet their needs
- Provide informational booklet to parents
- Parent school involvement
- Quality parenting classes
- Strengthen parent skills, treat entire family
- Mentor program
- Increase number of youth being surrounded by positive role models
- Provide parents and students the skills and training needed to improve communications
- Encourage continuing education
- Provide services for money management, time management, and organizational skills
- To introduce youth to productive and enjoyable activities
- Increase availability for parenting classes and counseling
- Many youth becoming parents/fund counseling and classes to assist them in becoming parents so cycle can be stopped
- Recognize that many youths are also parents themselves and help them to be good parents.
- Provide parenting courses to youths in secure care facilities
- Teach society acceptable tolerance levels
- Help parents connect to community literacy programs.
- To decrease and divert truancy and delinquency prior to adjudication through parenting skills training.
- Develop parenting classes, counseling and transportation and other resources
- The educational setting should also be responsible for keeping the family together
- Offer family mentor opportunities
- Pair college students w/children and provide bi-monthly meetings that engage mentors w/children providing opportunities for social-emotional & community activities
- Increase parent information about how OYD functions, its services, have social worker work with fundraising "POYD-Parent OYD"
- After children are out of OYD ask them to speak at parents meetings to give hope to parents. Tell their success of living through the system.
- Educate families about typical struggles, feelings, barriers to being involved in the treatment of their child (at intakes, through advertising, public gatherings, support groups, etc)
- Begin a campaign to educate general public about a more useful way to view youth behavior problems- locally and/or statewide (i.e. give some specific family issues that families may be experiencing)
- Require ACA accreditation for all detention and secure placement

- Involvement in grade school with youth
- OYD & school board coordinate efforts to offer services to these families before it reaches court

Safety

- We need to have someone available 24 hours a day whom can address a problem (hot line)
- The family needs to have someone available 24 hours a day in the facility to address any problems the youth may have
- Provide beepers to those parents who have been assessed to have genuine need.
- Immediate communication to parents when a child is hurt or in trouble, case manager follows child & work with family from probation

Not Categorized

- Early intervention prior to Juvenile Justice involvement
- CKAP Core Knowledge Accelerated Program in facilities
- Increase personal contacts
- Personal face to face contact & phone calls
- Walk a mile with a parent
- Reduce short term situational stress when they leave with phone call or personal contact
- Explore a "partial-placement" non-secure group home.
- Weekly reports on our kids
- Close JCY and SCY
- Respite care
- Increase lines of communication
- Court reviews
- Family advocate
- Case Worker to service parents
- Contract agencies for truancy
- Case management-low numbers
- To eliminate free time to hang out on the street and be targeted by negative influences
- Provide case management to family with comprehensive services available at 'one stop' shop.
- Youth still involved also able to help
- OYD will support picnics, movies, and outings
- Access to statistics of other systems (Missouri, etc.)
- Legislation giving judges jurisdiction over parents in delinquency cases so family participation can be enforced
- Use Children's Cabinet to introduce legislation